



# CONSIDERATIONS TOWARD A REVISED DCPI SERVICE

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# POTENTIAL REASONS

- A revised and improved DCPI link could be used for the following:
  - An alternate timing reference
  - An alternate frequency reference
  - An easier way to reduce required DCP EIRP
  - A failure analysis tool
  - A remote control system
  - A last resort override for NOAA
  - Platform interrogation





#### POTENTIAL DCPI PARAMETERS

- A reasonably capable receiver at low cost
  - Medium data rate: 1200 to 4800 bps
  - Simple modulation: BPSK or QPSK
  - High gain forward error correction code:
     Convolutional plus RS, or Turbo





### DCPI REQUIREMENTS NEEDED

- Functions to be performed
- Data format
- Access to uplink by users
- Security requirements
- Estimate of usage required





## GOES N DCPI LIMITS

- Worst case EIRP: 45 dBmi
  - GOES I/M is about 44 dBmi
- Can be attenuated in 1 dB steps (max. 13)
- Channel bandwidth: 47 kHz
- Uplink G/T is -15.5 dB/K





#### A DECISION IS NEEDED SOON

- NTIA has recently asked NESDIS to explain the Power Flux Density (PFD) produced by this transponder
- The current PFD does not meet NTIA requirements (-152 dBW/m²/4kHz)
- It is expected that the DCPI link will have to be changed to comply, or be turned off



